

$$\textcircled{1} \quad a) \quad y = \frac{\sin(3x)}{x^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos(3x) \cdot 3 \cdot x^2 - \sin(3x) \cdot 2x}{x^4}$$

$$b) \quad y = x^{x^3} \quad \ln y = \ln(x^{x^3}) = x^3 \ln x$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \cdot y' = 3x^2 \ln x + x^2 \frac{1}{x} = x^2(3 \ln x + 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= y \cdot x^2(3 \ln x + 1) = x^{x^3} x^2(3 \ln x + 1) \\ &= x^{x^3+2}(3 \ln x + 1) \end{aligned}$$

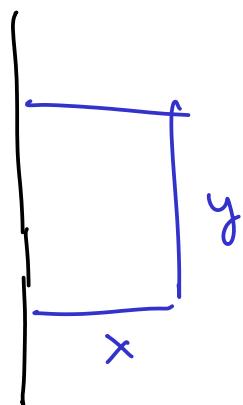
$$c) \quad \sin(5y) + \exp(4y) = x^3$$

$$\cos(5y) 5y' + \exp(4y) 4y' = 3x^2$$

$$y' (\cos(5y) 5 + \exp(4y) 4) = 3x^2$$

$$y' = \frac{3x^2}{\cos(5y) 5 + \exp(4y) 4}$$

(2)

Objective: $A = xy$ Constraint: $2x + y = 30$

$$y = 30 - 2x$$

$$A = x(30 - 2x) = 30x - 2x^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = 30 - 4x$$

$$\frac{dA}{dx} = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{30}{4} = \underline{7.5 \text{ m}}$$

$$y = 30 - 2 \cdot 7.5 = \underline{15 \text{ m}}$$

$$A = 15 \cdot 7.5 = \underline{112.5 \text{ m}^2}$$

(3)

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{\sin x} \quad \left(\frac{0}{0} \right)$

$$\frac{e^x}{\cos x} \rightarrow 1$$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^2 \ln x \quad \frac{\ln x}{x^2} \quad \left(\frac{\infty}{\infty} \right)$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{2}{x^3}} = -\frac{1}{2} x^2 \rightarrow 0$$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \quad \frac{x^{1/2} - x}{x^{3/2}} \quad \left(\frac{0}{0} \right)$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 1}{\frac{3}{2}x^{1/2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - 1}{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \frac{8}{0} = \infty$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad a) \int \frac{1}{1+25x^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{1+(5x)^2} dx$$

$$\text{let } u = 5x \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 5 \quad dx = \frac{1}{5} du$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{1}{1+u^2} du = \frac{1}{5} \arctan u = \frac{1}{5} \arctan(5x) + C$$

$$b) \int x \sin(3x^2) dx$$

$$\text{let } u = 3x^2 \quad \frac{du}{dx} = 6x \quad x dx = \frac{1}{6} du$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int \sin u du = -\frac{1}{6} \cos u = -\frac{1}{6} \cos(3x^2) + C$$

$$c) \int x^2 \sin(3x) dx = -\frac{x^2}{3} \cos(3x) + \frac{2x}{9} \sin(3x) +$$

$$x^2 \quad \sin(3x) \quad + \frac{2}{27} \cos(3x) + C$$

$$2x \quad \cancel{- \frac{1}{3} \cos(3x)} \quad +$$

$$2 \quad \cancel{- \frac{1}{9} \sin(3x)} \quad +$$

$$0 \quad \cancel{\frac{1}{27} \cos(3x)} \quad +$$

(5) Let $y(t)$ = amt. of drug at time t

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 1.5 - (0.7 - 0.1t^3)$$

$$= 0.8 + 0.1t^3$$

$$y(0) = 25$$

$$y = 0.8t + 0.1 \frac{t^4}{4} = 0.8t + 0.025t^4 + C$$

Plug in $t=0, y=25$: $25 = 0 + 0 + C$
 $\therefore C = 25$

$$\therefore y = 0.8t + 0.025t^4 + 25$$

$$y(4) = 34.6 \text{ mg}$$