

① $9!$ (think of "42" as a single token)

② 8 with 5 : $n=5$, $k=8-5=3$

$$C(n+k-1, k) = C(5+3-1, 3) = \\ = C(7, 3) = \frac{7!}{4!3!} = \frac{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5}{3!} = 7 \cdot 5 = 35$$

$$P = \frac{35}{6^5} = \boxed{0.004}$$

$n=3$, $k=7-3=4$

$$C(n+k-1, k) = C(3+4-1, 4) \\ = C(6, 4) = \frac{6!}{2!4!} = \frac{6 \cdot 5}{2} = 15$$

$$P = \frac{15}{6^3} = \boxed{0.0694}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad P(E \cap F) = P(E)P(F) \Rightarrow P(\bar{E} \cap \bar{F}) = P(\bar{E})P(\bar{F})$$

(really \Leftrightarrow ")

Proof:

$$P(\bar{E} \cap \bar{F}) = P(\overline{E \cup F}) \quad \leftarrow \text{de Morgan}$$

$$= 1 - P(E \cup F)$$

$$= 1 - [P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)] \quad \leftarrow \text{Inclusion/Exclusion}$$

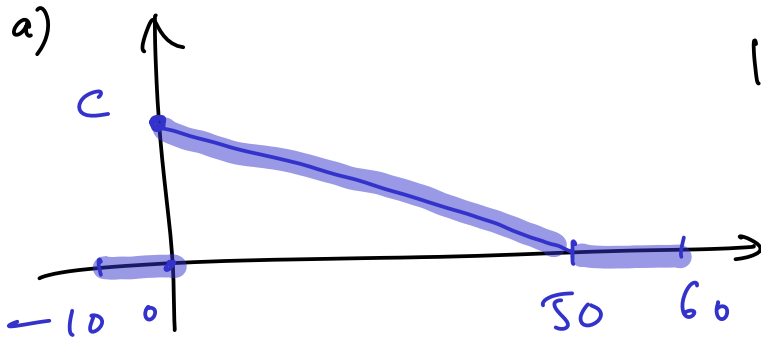
$$= 1 - P(E) - P(F) + P(E)P(F) =$$

$$= (1 - P(E))(1 - P(F)) =$$

$$= P(\bar{E}) \cdot P(\bar{F}) \quad \text{☺}$$

4

$$p(t) = \begin{cases} c(1 - 0.02t) & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 50 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



$$1 = A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 50 \cdot c = 25c$$

$$\therefore c = \frac{1}{25} = 0.04$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } P(t \leq 10) &= \int_0^{10} p(t) dt = 0.04 \int_0^{10} (1 - 0.02t) dt \\ &= 0.04 \left[t - 0.02 \frac{t^2}{2} \right]_0^{10} = \underbrace{\left[0.04 (t - 0.01t^2) \right]_0^{10}}_{cdf} \end{aligned}$$

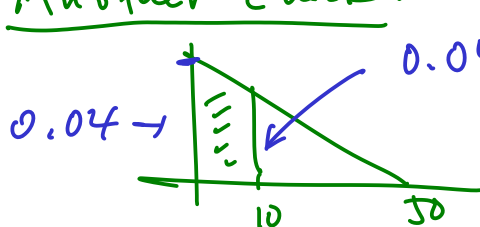
$$= cdf(10) = 0.04 (10 - 0.01 \cdot 10^2)$$

$$= 0.04 \cdot 10 (1 - 0.1) = 0.4 \cdot 0.9 = 0.36$$

Check the cdf: $cdf(0) = 0$, $cdf(50)$

$$= 0.04 (50 - 0.01 \cdot 50^2) = 2 (1 - 0.5) = 1 \quad \checkmark$$

Another check:



$$0.04(1 - 0.02 \cdot 10) = 0.04 \cdot 0.8$$

$$10 \cdot \frac{0.04 + 0.04 \cdot 0.8}{2} = 0.4 \frac{1.8}{2} = 0.4 \cdot 0.9$$

😊

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad \mu &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t p(t) dt = 0.04 \int_0^{50} t(1-0.02t) dt \\
 &= 0.04 \int_0^{50} (t - 0.02t^2) dt \\
 &= 0.04 \left[\frac{t^2}{2} - 0.02 \frac{t^3}{3} \right]_0^{50} \\
 &= 0.04 \left[\frac{50^2}{2} - 0.02 \frac{50^3}{3} \right] = \boxed{16.666\dots}
 \end{aligned}$$

d) Set $cdf(t) = \frac{1}{2}$, solve for t .

$$0.04(t - 0.01t^2) = 0.5$$

$$t - 0.01t^2 = \frac{0.5}{0.04} = 12.5$$

$$0.01t^2 - t + 12.5 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 0.01 \cdot 12.5}}{2 \cdot 0.01}$$

$$= \cancel{85.4}, \boxed{14.64466}$$

(not in the interval)