Name: _

Please show all work and justify your answers.

1. Show that for n > 0 the sum of consecutive squares has a closed form expression, by proving by induction that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k^2 = \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1)$$

- 2. Consider the linear system 2x + 3y + 5 = 0, x + y + z = 5.
 - (a) What augmented matrix A represents this system? Use Gauss-Jordan elimination to find its reduced row echelon form. Show steps.
 - (b) Use (a) to find all solutions to the system in terms of the free variable(s).
 - (c) Check your answer.
 - (d) Sketch the solution set.
- 3. For each of the following parts give a concrete example of a 2×2 real matrix A satisfying the given conditions.
 - (a) A not upper triangular, det(A) = 0
 - (b) A not diagonal, $det(A) \neq 0$
 - (c) A not diagonal with 2 distinct eigenvalues
 - (d) A with no real eigenvalues

4. Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

- (a) Find the characteristic polynomial of A and its roots the eigenvalues of A.
- (b) For each of the eigenvalues you found in (a) find corresponding eigenvectors.
- (c) Find an invertible matrix P such that $P^{-1}AP$ is diagonal. Check your answer.
- (d) Sketch the eigenspaces and describe the geometrical effects of the plane transformation $x \mapsto Ax$.

1	2	3	4	total (40)